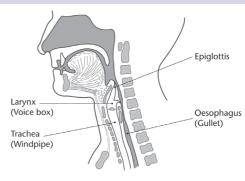




radents at the heart of progress

## Safer Swallowing Advice

Level 7 (Easy to chew)



Name:			

Date:

Golden Jubilee National Hospital Agamemnon Street Clydebank, G81 4DY \$\infty\$: 0141 951 5000

www.nhsgoldenjubilee.co.uk

Reviewed: March 2019 Next review: March 2022

Version 1

## **About this booklet**

As you are currently having some mild difficulties swallowing, your speech and language therapist recommends that you change the consistency of your food slightly.

The consistency that we recommend for you is: **Level 7 – Easy to chew** 

You should follow these recommendations at all times. Depending on the nature of your difficulties, your speech and language therapist may review these recommendations.

## What is a Level 7 – Easy to chew diet?

- ✓ Normal, everyday foods of soft and tender texture.
- ✓ Food piece size is not restricted in Level 7, therefore foods may be a range of sizes.
- ✓ You should be able to "bite off" pieces of soft and tender food and choose bite sizes that are safe to chew and swallow.
- ✓ You should be able to chew pieces of soft and tender food, so
  they are safe to swallow without tiring easily.
- X No hard, tough, chewy, fibrous, stringy, dry, crispy, crunchy or crumbly bits. No pips, seeds, pith, bones,gristle or husks.
- X No hard chunks e.g. pieces of apple, grapes, boiled sweets, nuts, dried fruit, raw vegetables.
- X No sticky or chewy foods e.g. cheese chunks, marshmallows, gummy sweets.

Please note: In hospital this diet is called Level 7 – Easy to chew. If you are speaking to any staff (e.g. doctor or nurse) please refer to the diet as Level 7 – Easy to chew.

## Preparing Level 7 - Easy to chew

Level 7 – Easy to chew foods should break apart easily with the side of a fork or spoon. You can test if a food is soft enough by pressing down with a fork. When the fork is lifted the food should be completely squashed and does not regain its shape.

#### Meat

Cooked until tender. If you cannot serve soft and tender, serve as minced and moist i.e. finely mashed or minced down into 4mm pieces.

#### Fish

Cooked soft enough to break apart easily with the side of a fork or spoon.

#### Fruit

Soft enough to break apart into smaller pieces with the side of a fork or spoon (drain any excess liquid). Do not use the fibrous parts of fruit (for example the white parts of an orange). Be careful when eating fruit with a high water content, where the juice separates from the solid in the mouth during chewing (e.g. melon).

#### Bread

Check with your Speech and Language Therapist for direction about bread, sandwiches and appropriate sandwich fillings.

## Cereal

Serve with texture softened. Drain excess liquid before serving.

#### Rice

Does not have any special cooking requirements at this level.

## **Examples of suitable foods**

Breakfast: Soft fruit

Cornflakes or Rice Krispies (well soaked in

milk) Porridge Weetabix Lunch and Dinner: Soup

Sandwich (no hard crusts) with soft filling e.g. tuna mayonnaise, egg mayonnaise (if your speech and language therapist agrees)

Scrambled egg Soft omelette

Inside of a jacket potato with tuna, egg

mayonnaise or spreading cheese

Potato waffles

Tender roast meat in gravy

Fish in sauce

Fish pie

Fish cakes and sauce

Tuna mayonnaise

Macaroni cheese

Spaghetti bolognaise

Pasta in sauce

Risotto

Sweet and sour dishes with rice

(provided meat and vegetables are soft and

tender)

Corned beef hash or stovies Casseroled meats and stews Black pudding (skin removed)

Curry and rice

Quiche (avoid hard crusts) Shepherds pie with gravy Haggis, neeps and tatties

Soft well cooked vegetables (must not be

'stringy' or 'woody', see high risk foods, page 5)

Cauliflower cheese

**Desserts**: Milk pudding

Stewed fruit and custard

Rice pudding Semolina Yoghurts
Mousse
Angel delight
Trifle with soft fruit
Sponge and custard
Crème caramel
Cheesecake and cream (no base)
Jelly and ice cream - if you do not need thickened fluids
Soft tinned fruit

#### Points to remember:

You can make food softer and more moist by adding a sauce or gravy. Harder foods like biscuits can be softened with hot drinks, milk or cream.

## High risk foods

Below is a list of 'high risk foods'. These are the foods that are most likely to make you cough and choke and therefore you should avoid them.

- Stringy fibrous textures e.g. pineapple, runner beans, celery.
- Vegetable and fruit skins including apples, grapes, baked beans, soya beans, and black eyed beans.
- Mixed consistencies e.g. cereals which do not blend with milk (e.g. Muesli).
- Crunchy foods e.g. toast, dry biscuits, crisps.
- Crumbly items e.g. bread crusts, pie crusts, dry biscuits.

## **Swallowing strategies**

Here is some general advice which you may find useful. Please note not all of the items will necessarily apply to you. Please concentrate on the ones which your speech and language therapist has ticked specifically for you. Sit in an upright position. Take your time. Take small mouthfuls Try to eat in a guiet place, with few distractions. Chew food well and make sure that your mouth is empty before taking another mouthful. Only heat up small portions of food at a time so that food does not get cold. Smaller, more frequent meals may be less tiring. Keep your chin tucked down towards your chest when swallowing. Swallow several times after each mouthful. Take regular alternate sips of fluid when eating to help clear any residue that may be in your mouth or throat. Clear your throat regularly when eating and drinking, then swallow again. Cough after swallowing. Consult your GP or pharmacist about taking medication in syrup or soluble form. Do not crush tablets or open up capsules without checking with your pharmacist that it

is safe to do this.

## Things to avoid

- Foods that you find difficult (for many people these will be hard, dry or stringy foods. See also 'high risk foods' on page 5).
- Taking very large mouthfuls.
- Tipping your head back.
- Eating and drinking when you feel short of breath.
- Talking while eating and drinking.
- Straws unless specifically recommended by your therapist.

Please refer to any additional information sheets your

speech and language therapist has given you.
speech and language therapist also recommends bllowing advice specifically for your needs:

#### **Fluids**

You have been advised to drink <b>normal thin fluids</b> . f so, please ignore the section below.		
You have been advised to drink thickened fluids. (Please refer to the section below for information on now to thicken your fluids.)		

Drinks Descriptor and Level				
Level 1 (Slightly Thick)	Leaves a coating on an empty glass and can be easily taken through a straw (if recommended).			
Level 2 (Mildly Thick)	Leaves a thin coat on the back of a spoon, can be drunk from a cup and easily taken through a straw (if recommended).			
Level 3 (Moderately Thick)	Leaves a thick coat on the back of a spoon, can be drunk from a cup, but too thick to be taken through a straw.			
Level 4 (Extremely Thick)	Unable to be drunk through a straw or a cup due to thickness. Needs to be taken from a spoon.			

There are several different brands of 'thickening agent'. Please refer to the manufacturer's guidelines (usually on the side of the tin) for details of how much thickener needs to be added to your drink.

Please check the fluid is the correct consistency before drinking.

Please note: Thickener and pre-thickened drinks are available on prescription from your GP.

### **Further information**

Please contact the Speech and Language Therapy department if:

- You or your relatives have any worries or questions about your swallowing problem.
- Your swallow deteriorates.
- · You develop new swallowing difficulties.

Your Speech and Language Therapy department phone number is **0141 951 5121**.

Notes	

Notes	

# All of our publications are available in different languages, larger print, braille (English only), audio tape or another format of your choice.

我們所有的印刷品均有不同語言版本、大字體版本、盲文(僅有英文)、錄音 帶版本或你想要的另外形式供選擇。

كافة مطبوعاتنا متاحة بلغات مختلفة و بالأحرف الطباعية الكبيرة و بطريقة بريل الخاصة بالمكفوفين (باللغة الإنكليزية فقط) و على شريط كاسيت سمعى أو بصيغة بديلة حسب خيارك.

Tha gach sgrìobhainn againn rim faotainn ann an diofar chànanan, clò nas motha, Braille (Beurla a-mhàin), teip claistinn no riochd eile a tha sibh airson a thaghadh.

हमारे सब प्रकाशन अनेक भाषाओं, बड़े अक्षरों की छपाई, ब्रेल (केवल अंग्रेज़ी), सुनने वाली कसेट या आपकी पसंदनुसार किसी अन्य फ़ॉरमेट (आस्प) में भी उपलब्ध हैं। 我们所有的印刷品均有不同语言版本、大字体版本、盲文(仅有英文)、录音 带版本或你想要的另外形式供选择。

ਸਾਡੇ ਸਾਰੇ ਪਰਚੇ ਅਤੇ ਕਿਤਾਬਚੇ ਵਗ਼ੈਰਾ ਵੱਖ ਵੱਖ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਵਿਚ, ਵੱਡੇ ਅੱਖਰਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਬ੍ਰੇਲ (ਸਿਰਫ਼ ਅੰਗਰੇਜ਼ੀ) ਵਿਚ, ਆੱਡੀਓ ਟੇਪ 'ਤੇ ਜਾਂ ਤੁਹਾਡੀ ਮਰਜ਼ੀ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਕਿਸੇ ਹੋਰ ਰੂਪ ਵਿਚ ਵੀ ਮਿਲ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਨ।

ہماری تمام مطبوعات مختلف زبانوں، بڑے حروف کی چھپائی، بریل (صرف انگریزی)، سنے والی کسٹ یا آپ کی پیند کے مطابق کسی دیگر صورت (فارمیٹ) میں بھی دستیاب ہیں۔

## **2**:01419515513

Please call the above number if you require this publication in an alternative format



This leaflet was originally devised by SLT and reproduced for the Golden Jubilee National Hospital with kind permission from Greater Glasgow and Clyde.